

The purpose of this document is to identify actions [insert health center name] will take to maintain situational awareness and respond during floods.

1. Assign a Weather Watcher who will be responsible for regularly monitoring weather conditions.

The Weather Watcher can be a clinic administrator, qualified safety and health professional, or provider. It is important that the role of designated Weather Watcher is always filled. Therefore, it is best to task this responsibility to a position rather than an individual. Assigning Primary and Alternate Weather Watcher provides for continuity in case of staff absence.

The Primary Weather Watcher for [insert name of health center] is: [insert name and contact information]. The Secondary Weather Watcher is: [insert name and contact information].

The designated Weather Watcher will begin their day by reviewing the Hazardous Weather Outlook and local forecasts for an overview of anticipated hazards. The Weather Watcher will sign up for local wireless emergency alerts via local government notification system or other weather alert program (e.g., <u>weatherUSA</u>).

Information for Weather Watcher to Monitor	Monitoring Tools	
Forecast and forecast discussion	Weather.gov or other forecasting website	
Hazardous weather outlook	Cell phone alerts (via text or app), email alerts	
Multimedia weather briefing	NOAA weather radio	
Weather Watch, Advisory, Warning, Radar	Local TV or cable channel	
	Social media	

The Weather Watcher will alert the relevant decision-makers and staff about any potential impacts the severe weather event(s) may have on the health center and the need to implement the facility's Emergency Operations Plan.

2. The Weather Watcher will refer to the following table describing thresholds to direct the flow of information in response to a severe weather event.

Threshold	On Alert	Action Items	
Excessive Precipitation and Flooding			
Potential for flooding exists Hazardous Weather Outlook: first mention of potential for heavy rain or flooding	2-3 days ahead	 Communicate potential threat to decision- makers via pre-established communication methods 	
Flooding likely in the area Flood Watch: heavy rain is likely with a 50% or greater chance for flooding	Few hours to one day before expected flooding	 Communicate increased threat to staff using pre-established communication methods Assess potential impact on evacuation routes Develop an evacuation plan if it does not already exist Monitor weather forecast 	
Life-threatening flood is imminent or ongoing Flood Warning: confident of dangerous flooding Flood Warning Updates: impacts of flooding, timing, location, additional rain outlook	30-60 minutes before flooding begins	 Communicate increased threat to decision- makers and staff using pre-established communication methods Communicate need to implement facility's emergency operations plan to key decision- makers Communicate threat to patients using pre- established communication methods Prepare to evacuate using pre-established evacuation plan Respond to specific impacts as necessary 	

Notes: